



Cornell University

King Abdullah University of
Science and Technology



KAUST

Nanoparticle Ionic Materials for Energy and Sustainability

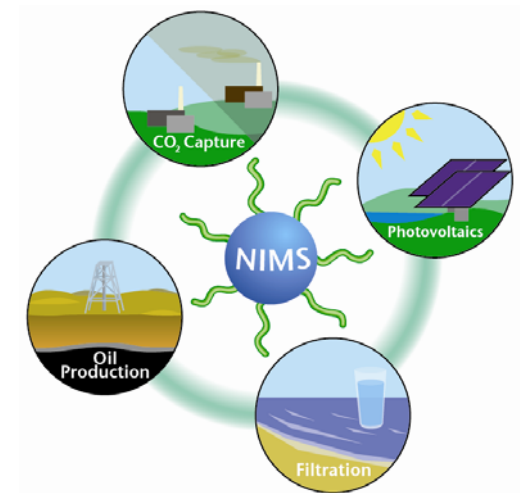
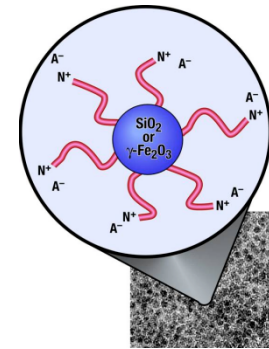
Presented by: Dr. Emmanuel P. Giannelis

Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering & Materials Science and Engineering
Cornell University

Vision



We envision a Center for Research and Education that provides a dynamic venue for fundamental scientific studies, graduate education, and technological innovations addressing emerging problems critical to the Kingdom, the region, and the world



Mission



- ❑ **Establish a pre-eminent research center focused on hybrid nanomaterials**
- ❑ **Educate a cadre of interdisciplinary, team-based researchers prepared to assume leadership roles in the Kingdom, the United States, and the world**
- ❑ **Support a culture of innovation and entrepreneurship**
- ❑ **Collaborate to build capacity at KAUST through several innovative programs**
- ❑ **Promote industrial partnerships to ensure 1) technological relevance of research in the Center and 2) rapid commercialization of new technologies**

Benefits to KAUST



Research and education programs at the Center will help

- ❑ build intellectual capacity at KAUST during its formative years

- ❑ propel KAUST to the forefront of
 - ❑ nanoscience/nanotechnology
 - ❑ polymers
 - ❑ complex fluids

Interactions with KAUST



- ❑ **Incubate research programs of new KAUST faculty**
- ❑ **Establish a dynamic student and visiting scholar exchange program that links the two campuses**
- ❑ **Support KAUST with research infrastructure development and laboratory build-outs**
 - ❑ **KAUST Nanofabrication Facility (KNF)**
- ❑ **Develop joint curricula and education programs to help promote a culture of excellence**
- ❑ **Share best practices for graduate student recruitment and for enhancing the pipeline of students in science and engineering**
- ❑ **Assist KAUST in developing a culture of innovation and entrepreneurship through formal courses and experiential learning**

Synergies



- ❑ **Extensive experience administering large, multi-institution research centers in a cost-effective manner**
 - ❑ **High Energy Synchrotron Source (CHESS)**
 - ❑ **Center for Advanced Computing (CAC)**
 - ❑ **Cornell Center for Materials Research (CCMR)**
 - ❑ **Cornell Nanofabrication Facility (CNF)**

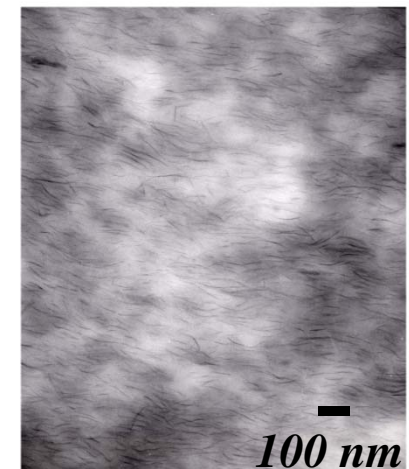
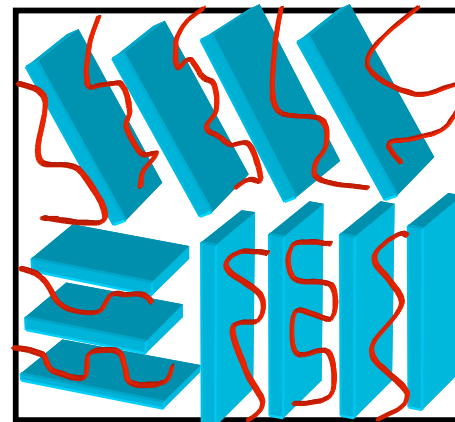
- ❑ **Graduate studies are based on field system**
 - ❑ **fosters collaborative research that transcends traditional disciplinary boundaries**

- ❑ **Land-grant mission**
 - ❑ **commitment to creating and disseminating scientific discoveries to the benefit of the state, nation, and the world**

Scientific Focus: NIMS



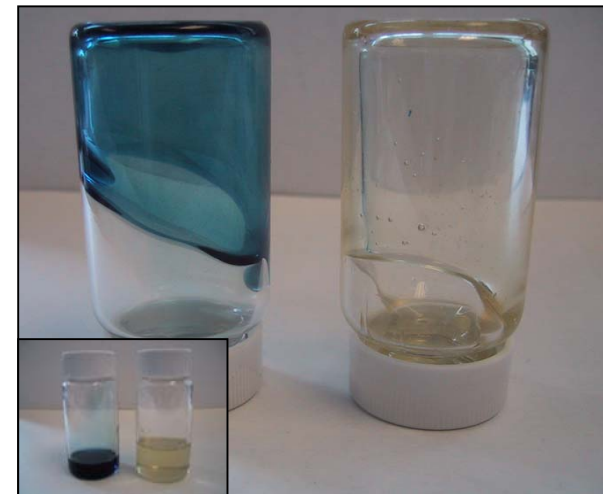
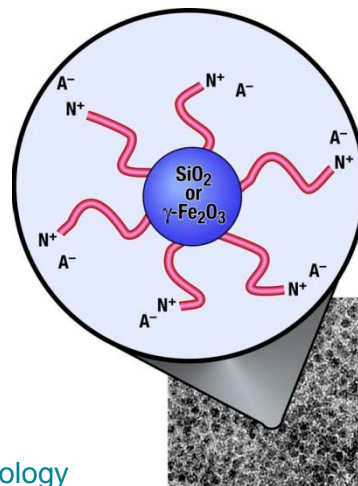
- ❑ **Organic-inorganic hybrids (composites) are attractive because they integrate the light-weight features, low-cost, and processability of polymers with functionality of inorganics**
- ❑ **Widespread interest in *nanocomposites* (composites with nanoscale components) has been motivated by the promise of unmatched performance, design flexibility, and lower unit and life-cycle costs**
 - ❑ **Market forecasts estimate the use of nanocomposites to reach \$800M by 2011 (annual growth rate of 24%)**
- ❑ **Persistent challenges with poor miscibility, dispersion and interfacial strength prevent nanocomposites from realizing their full potential**



Scientific Focus: NIMS



- ❑ Nanoparticle ionic materials (NIMS) provide a highly tunable/functional materials platform that solves many of these technical challenges
- ❑ NIMS are a disruptive technology, enabling applications in multiple fields
- ❑ NIMS are ideal for research and education at the interface of nanotechnology, polymers and complex fluids



NIMS: Solvent-Free Particle Fluids

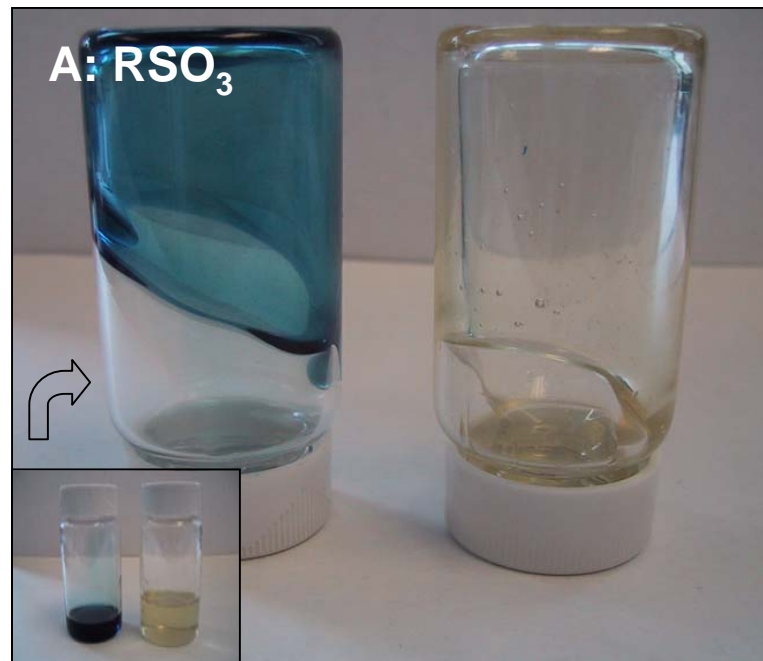


SOLIDS



SiO_2

LIQUIDS & GELS



SiO_2



$\gamma\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$

Cores: SiO_2 , TiO_2 , $\gamma\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$, ZnO , SnO_2 , Au , Pt , Pd , CNTs, C_{60}

Science & Technology



- ❑ **“Solvent” is tethered to the cores**
 - ❑ zero vapor-pressure materials

- ❑ **Tunable materials properties**
 - ❑ liquid, gel, LC, solid (ϕ , T)
 - ❑ conductivity, magnetic susceptibility, refractive index

- ❑ **Controlled assembly**
 - ❑ despite nanometer size they reach **equilibrium** state

- ❑ **External fields can be used for assembly**

Research Program



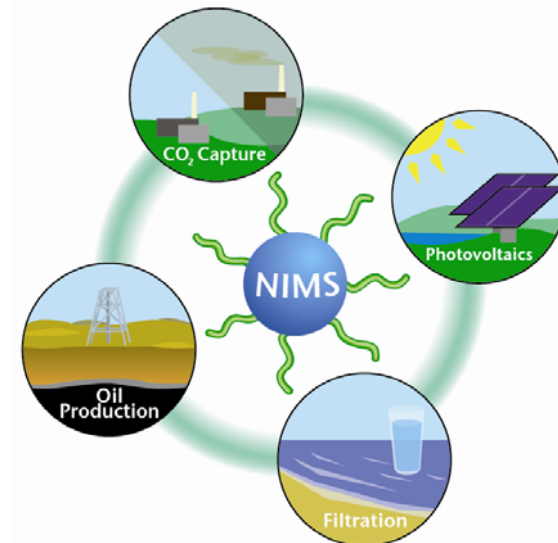
NIMS: A new materials platform with many applications

Table 1. Applications of Nanoparticle Ionic Materials

Property	Applications
Amphiphilicity	Membranes for water desalination; Surfactants and nanomaterial probes for oil and gas production
Birefringence	Reconfigurable optics
Chemical reactivity	Catalysts for CO ₂ sequestration and polymerization
Electrical conductivity and semiconductivity	Photovoltaics and liquid processable semiconductors
High dielectric constant and zero vapor pressure	Media for CO ₂ capture; Zero VOC solvents and inks
High index of refraction	Immersion photolithography, reconfigurable optics
Ionic conductivity	Solvent-free electrolytes for solar cells, batteries, and fuel cells.
Optical/absorption	Solar sensitizers, paints, UV filters
Thermal conductivity	Conducting lubricants & coolants
Tunable rheology	Displacement fluids and ferro fluids

KAUST-CU Research Focus

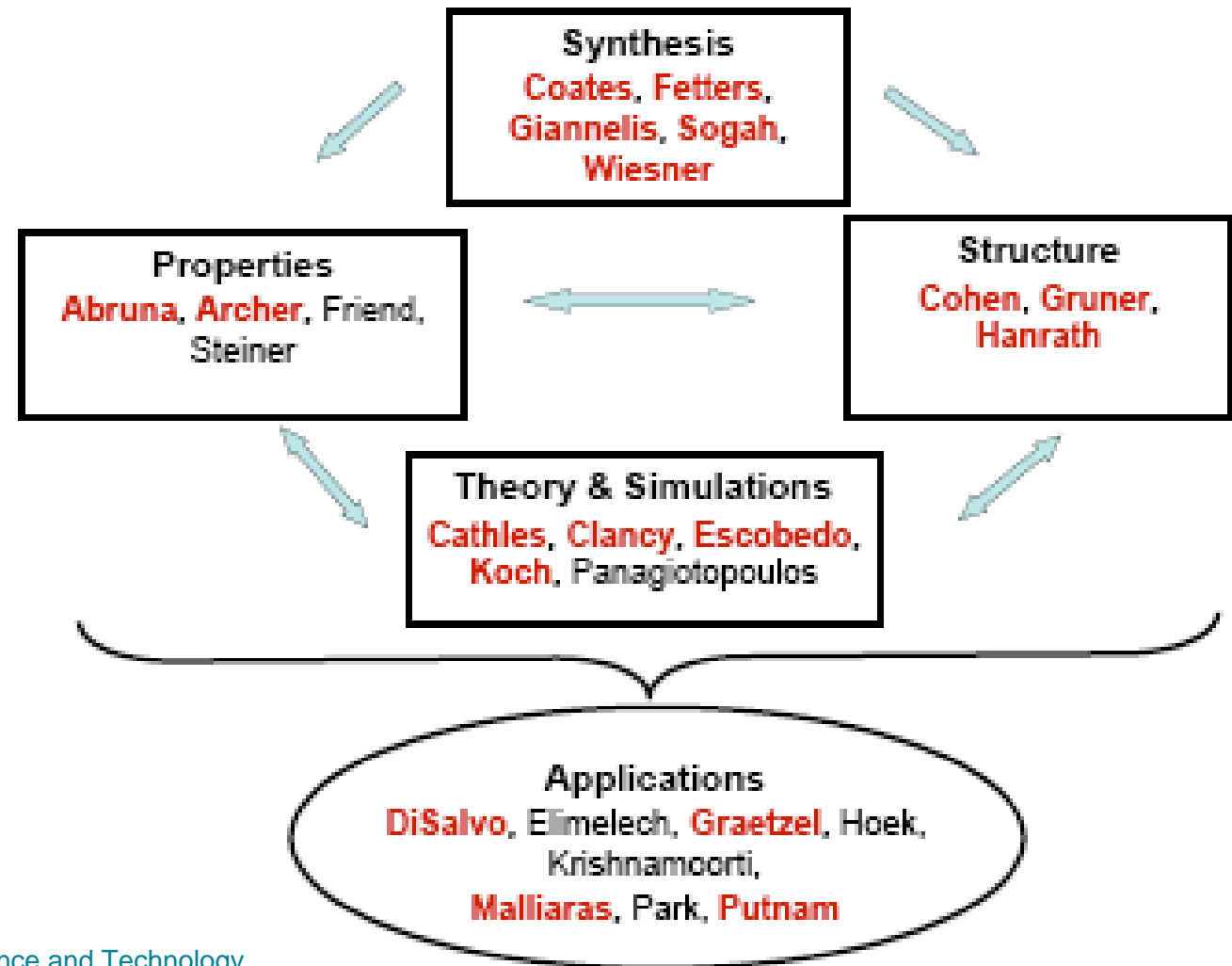
- CO₂ capture and sequestration ★
- PVs and solid-state lighting
- Water treatment and desalination
- Nanomaterials for oil production



Global Interdisciplinary Team



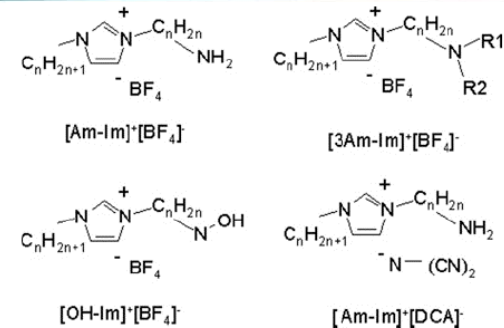
Cornell
Cambridge
Columbia
ETH Lausanne
Houston
Princeton
UCLA
Yale



★ CO₂ Capture and Sequestration



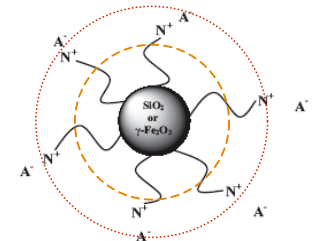
- ❑ CO₂ is a greenhouse gas
- ❑ CO₂ sequestration involves three steps:
 - capture, transportation, and disposal
 - Carbon dioxide capture is the most expensive



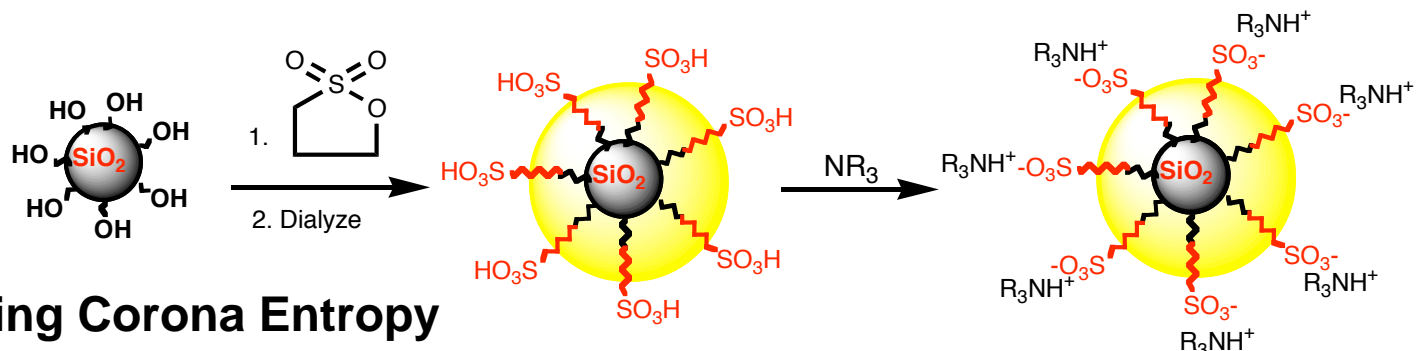
- ❑ A novel carbon capture technology under development utilizes an amine-functionalized Task-Specific Ionic Liquid (IL)

- ❑ NIMS are nanoscale analogs of ILs and offer numerous advantages for capture and sequestration

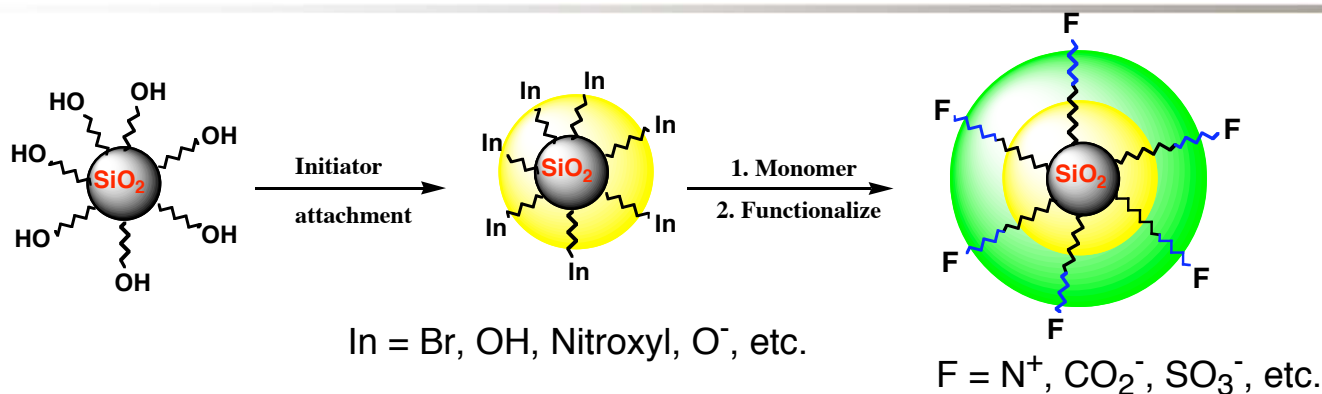
- Solvation in NIMS is driven by enthalpic as well as by entropic interactions
- NIMS with high-affinity nanoporous cores to enhance solubility can be designed
- Recovery of the capture fluid facilitated by magnetic cores
- Catalytically active cores can be introduced for sequestration (olivines)



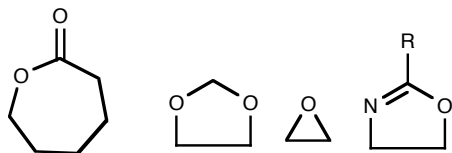
Synthesizing Optimal NIMS for Carbon Capture



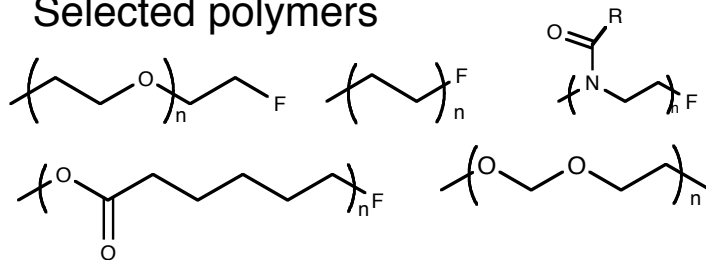
Controlling Corona Entropy



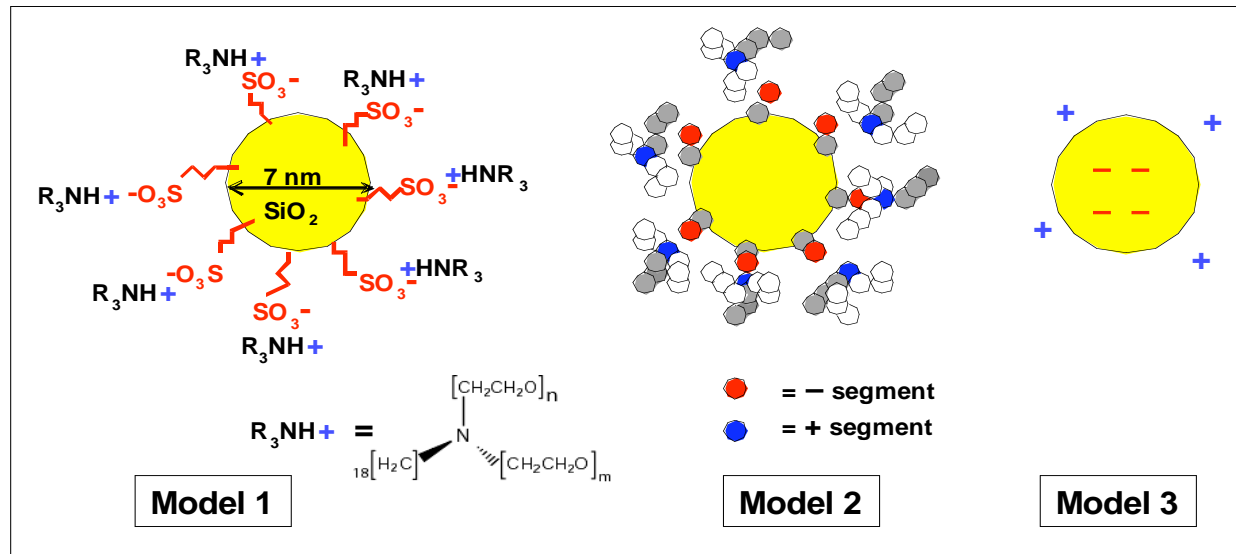
Selected Monomers



Selected polymers



Computer Simulation and Theory: Multiscale Approach



Length & Time Scales

Model 1 All-atom (MD)

- Generate effective interparticle potentials
- Structural packing of corona-canopy
- Effect of chemical composition

Theory and experiment to develop models for Interactions & Transport Properties

Model 2 Bead-spring model (MD, MC)

- Bridge length-time scales
- Solid-liquid transitions

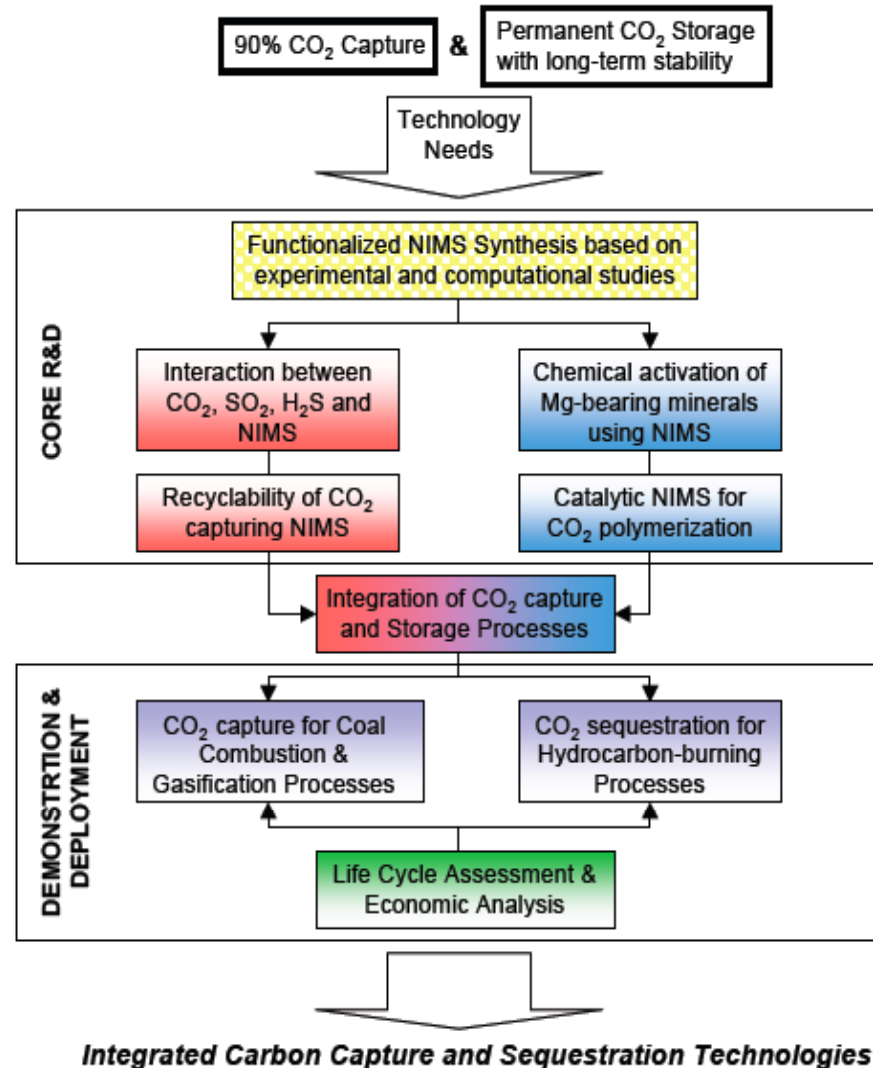
Structure (packing)
SAXS, TEM, SEM

Model 3 Mesoscopic model (BD)

- Simulate slow dynamic modes
- Shear flow properties
- Prediction & physical insights

Rheology (flow)
Std. & X-ray shear cells

Technology: Roadmap for CO₂ Thrust



Industrial Programs



- BJ Services, Carbo Ceramics, Chevron, Corning, Kodak, Milliken, NanoH₂O, NaturalNano, Orica, Summit Lubricants, and Union Carbide intend to participate as industrial partners to drive forward the applications**
- KensaGroup - tech transfer partner to ensure that technologies emerging from the Center are transitioned rapidly into the marketplace**

CO ₂ Capture & Sequestration	Photovoltaics & Energy Systems	Water Treatment & Desalination	Oil & Gas Production	Graduate Education
			BJ Services	BJ Services
			Carbo Ceramics	Carbo Ceramics
			Chevron	Chevron
	Corning	Corning		Corning
	Kodak			Kodak
	Milliken	Milliken		Milliken
		NanoH ₂ O		NanoH ₂ O
NaturalNano	NaturalNano			NaturalNano
Orica				Orica
			Summit Lubricants	Summit Lubricants
Union Carbide				Union Carbide

Thank You

